

INSTALLATION MANUAL

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Safety Precautions

Read Safety Precautions Before Installation

Incorrect installation due to ignoring instructions can cause serious damage or injury. The seriousness of potential damage or injuries is classified as either a WARNING or CAUTION.



Failure to observe a warning may result in death. The appliance must be installed in accordance with national regulations.



Failure to observe a caution may result in injury or equipment damage.



This symbol indicates that you must never perform the action indicated.

- 1. Carefully read the Safety Precautions before installation.
- 2. In certain functional environments, such as kitchens, server rooms, etc., the use of specially designed air-conditioning units is highly recommended.
- 3. Only trained and certified technicians should install, repair and service this air conditioning unit.
- Improper installation may result in electrical shock, short circuit, leaks, fire or other damage to the equipment and personal property. (In North America, installation must be performed in accordance with the requirement of NEC and CEC by authorized personnel only.)
- 5. Strictly follow the installation instructions set forth in this manual.
- 6. Before you install the unit, consider strong winds, typhoons and earthquakes that might affect your unit and locate it accordingly. Failure to do so could cause the equipment to fail.
- 7. This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
- 8. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- 9. This appliance is not intended for use by persons(including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- 10. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.. (IEC Standard requirement)

- 11. If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- 12. The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
- 13. An all-pole disconnection device which has at least 3mm clearances in all poles, and have a leakage current that may exceed 10mA, the residual current device (RCD) having a rated residual operating current not exceeding 30mA, and disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring rules.
- 14. The appliance disconnection must be incorporated with an all-pole disconnection device in the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring rules.
- 15. Any person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorises their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an industry recognised assessment specification.
- 16. Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer.
- 17. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants.
- 18. The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage from occurring.
- 19. Keep ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- 20. Do not turn on the power until all work has been completed.
- 21. When moving or relocating the air conditioner, consult experienced service technicians for disconnection and reinstallation of the unit
- 22. In certain functional environments, such as kitchens, server rooms, etc., the use of specially designed air-conditioning units is highly recommended.
- 23. Removal of the plug has to be such that an operator can check from any of the points to which he has access that the plug remains removed.
- 24. If this is not possible, due to the construction of the appliance or its installation, a disconnection with a locking system in the isolated position shall be provided.

- Ø For units that have an auxiliary electric heater, do not install the unit within 1 meter (3 feet) of any combustible materials.
- O <u>Do not</u> install the unit in a location that may be exposed to combustible gas leaks. If combustible gas accumulates around the unit, it may cause fire.
- O <u>Do not</u> operate your air conditioner in a wet room such as a bathroom or laundry room. Too much exposure to water can cause electrical components to short circuit.
- 1. The product must be properly grounded at the time of installation, or electrical shock may occur.
- 2. Install drainage piping according to the instructions in this manual. Improper drainage may cause water damage to your home and property.

Note about Fluorinated Gasses

- This air-conditioning unit contains fluorinated greenhouse gasses. For specific information on the type of gas and the amount, please refer to the relevant label on the unit itself or the "Owner's Manual -Product Fiche" in the packaging of the outdoor unit. (European Union products only).
- 2. Installation, service, maintenance and repair of this unit must be performed by a certified technician.
- 3. Product uninstallation and recycling must be performed by a certified technician.
- 4. For equipment that contains fluorinated greenhouse gases in quantities of 5 tonnes of CO₂ equivalent or more, but of less than 50 tonnes of CO₂ equivalent, If the system has a leak-detection system installed, it must be checked for leaks at least every 24 months.
- 5. When the unit is checked for leaks, proper record-keeping of all checks is strongly recommended.

Accessories

The air conditioning system comes with the following accessories. Use all of the installation parts and accessories to install the air conditioner. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electrical shock and fire, or equipment failure.

NO.	Name		Quantity	Shape	
4	Self-tapping Screw	on some models		3	(+ <u>)//////</u>
1	ST3.9×12	Used to fix the cord clamp of indoor unit after wire connection.			
2	Flat Washers			2	\odot
3	Bushing-Sleeve Cover			1	00
4	Sound/Heat Insulation Sleeve	s		2	0
5	Seal (for the Cooling & Heating unit)			1	O
6	Drain joint (for the Cooling & Heating unit)			1	
7	Ratproof board			1	
8	Remote Battery			2	
9	Remote Control			1	
10	Owner's Manual & Installation	n Manual		1	
11	Remote controller manual	Remote controller manual		1	
12	Remote controller holder		Optional	1	
13	Self-tapping Screw B ST2.9×10		parts	2	
14	Connection Cables on some models		on some models	1	
	Conservet	on some models		2	an
15	Copper nut	Used to make the connective pipes between indoor and outdoor units.			

Refrigerant Pipe (optional)						
NO.	capacity(Btu/h)	≤ 18000	20000-30000	30000-55000		
16	Liquid Side Size	Diam.: 6.35mm	Diam.: 9.52mm	Diam.: 12.7mm		
17	Gas Side Size	Diam.: 12.7mm	Diam.: 15.8mm	Diam.: 19mm		

Installation Overview



INSTALLATION ORDER

Perform a test run (Page 25)



Indoor Unit Installation

Indoor Unit Installation

Indoor Unit Parts





Indoor unit

- 1 Air outlet
- (2) Operation panel
- ③ Horizontal airflow control louver
- (4) Vertical airflow control louver
- (5) Air inlet

Outdoor unit

- (6) Drain pipe, vent pipe
- (7) Connection cable
- (8) Connection pipe
- (9) Refrigerant pipe port
- 10 Air outlet

NOTE ON ILLUSTRATIONS

Illustrations in this manual are for explanatory purposes. The actual shape of your indoor unit may be slightly different. The actual shape shall prevail.

Indoor Unit Installation Instructions

PRIOR TO INSTALLATION

Before installing the indoor unit, refer to the label on the product box to make sure that the model number of the indoor unit matches the model number of the outdoor unit.

Step 1: Select installation location

Before installing the indoor unit, you must choose an appropriate location. The following are standards that will help you choose an appropriate location for the unit.

Proper installation locations meet the following standards:

- ☑ Good air circulation
- d Convenient drainage
- ☑ Positioned such that noise from the unit will not disturb other people
- Difference Firm and solid—the location will not vibrate
- Strong enough to support the weight of the unit
- Positioned at least one meter from all other electrical devices (e.g. TV, radio, computer)

Refer to the following diagram to ensure proper distance from walls and ceiling:

<u>DO NOT</u> install unit in the following locations:

- Ø Near any source of heat, steam, or combustible gas
- Ø Near flammable items such as curtains or clothing
- Ø Near any obstacle that might block air circulation
- ⊘ Near the doorway
- ⊘ In a location subject to direct sunlight

NOTE ABOUT WALL HOLE:

If there is no fixed refrigerant piping: When choosing a location, be aware that you should leave ample room for a hole in the wall (see the step "Drill wall hole for connective piping") for the signal cable and refrigerant piping that connect the indoor and outdoor units. The default position for all piping is the right side of the indoor unit (while facing the unit). However, the unit can accommodate piping to both the left or the right.



Fig. 4.2

Step 2: Unfastening the operation panel and detaching the filter

- 1. Open the packaging and take out the indoor unit. Remove the protective tape and any components.
- 2. Please take off the lower front panel before connecting the pipes/wires.

Pull down the two knobs on the grille, take off the two screws, then the air-inlet grille goes free.





- 3. Remove all of the accessories placed inside the bottom cavity of the indoor unit.
- 4. Check that all of the accessories match those found on the "Installation Diagrams and Accessories" as shown on the previous page.

Step 3. Remove the fasteners from the roller (only found on selected models)

- 1. Check to see whether the roller on the indoor unit has any fasteners holding it in place and tear off the notice sticker.
- 2. Remove the fasteners from the roller according to the directions on the sticker.

Step 4. Fastening the indoor unit (to prevent it from falling down)

- 1. Measure the position of the holes for installation.
- 2. Insert the M8 bolts into the unit while it is on the floor (the amount of bolts used depends on the number of holes on the unit's chassis).
- 3. Lift up the indoor unit so that the installation holes cover the bolts, then fasten the nuts onto the bolts and tighten them.

If further support is needed to prevent the unit from falling down, a protective wedge can be installed. The installation procedure for this wedge is as follows:

- Take out the protective wedge and measure the correct size.
- Use the self-tapping screws to fasten the protective wedge to the top cover of the indoor unit.
- Fasten the other end of the wedge tightly to the wall using the self-tapping screws.

Step 5. Installing the rodent-proof mesh

- 1. Remove the metal rodent-proof mesh from the piping found on the unit by gently tapping on it.
- Use a knife to cut a small hole by following the markings on the ratproof board. (See Fig. 4.4)
- 3. Insert the ratproof board into the unit and hold it in place tightly.



Step 6. Piping and binding

- Lay the connecting piping flat on the ground. Place the drainage hose, refrigerant pipe, and all electrical wiring (making sure that both ends are arranged correctly) next to the piping.
- 2. Using the drainage hose as a guide, measure and adjust the length of the low voltage wiring, high voltage wiring, any other electrical wiring, and refrigerant pipe. Use cable ties to initially fasten them in place.

- 3. Arrange the piping so that the drainage hose is on the bottom, the connecting piping is in the middle, and the electrical wiring is at the top.
- 4. Use adhesive vinyl tape to begin binding the piping together. Start binding the tape at the bottom end of the drainage hose, and make sure that the connectors are secured tightly. Pipe/wire-hole positions on both sides



Pipe/wire-hole position on the bottom





drainage



The electrical wiring, drainage hose, and refrigerant pipe must exit the binding in a suitable place. All binding must be mutually connected, evenly applied, and aesthetically pleasing.

NOTE

- Only models with a ventilation function contain ventilation ducting.
- The amount and type of electrical wiring used may vary according to the specific model.
- The ends of the ventilation ducting and electrical wiring are different, please check carefully before starting to bind.

Step 7: Applying the sealant putty and installing the wall hole cover

- 1. Tidy up the already bound piping.
- 2. Evenly apply the sealant putty to the gaps between the piping and the wall, then press on the putty firmly.
- 3. Pull the wall hole cover apart to open it. After fastening tightly to the piping, push it into the hole in the wall to securely fasten it to the wall and complete the installation.





Outdoor Unit Installation

Step 1: Select installation location.

The outdoor unit should be installed in the

location that meets the following requirements:

- Place the outdoor unit as close to the indoor unit as possible.
- ☑ Ensure that there is enough room for installation and maintenance.
- ☑ The air inlet and outlet must not be obstructed or exposed to strong wind.
- Ensure the location of the unit will not be subject to snowdrifts, accumulation of leaves or other seasonal debris. If possible, provide an awning for the unit. Ensure the awning does not obstruct airflow.
- ☑ The installation area must be dry and well ventilated.
- ☑ There must be enough room to install the connecting pipes and cables and to access them for maintenance.





Step 2: Install outdoor unit.

Fix the outdoor unit with anchor bolts (M10)



- ☑ The area must be free of combustible gases and chemicals.
- The pipe length between the outdoor and indoor unit may not exceed the maximum allowable pipe length.
- ☑ If possible, <u>DO NOT</u> install the unit where it is exposed to direct sunlight.
- ☑ If possible, make sure the unit is located far away from your neighbors' property so that the noise from the unit will not disturb them.
- If the location is exposed to strong winds (for example: near a seaside), the unit must be placed against the wall to shelter it from the wind. If necessary, use an awning. (See Fig. 5.1 & 5.2)
- Install the indoor and outdoor units, cables and wires at least 1 meter from televisions or radios to prevent static or image distortion.
 Depending on the radio waves, a 1 meter distance may not be enough to eliminate all interference.



Fig. 5.2

- Be sure to remove any obstacles that may block air circulation.
- Make sure you refer to Length Specifications to ensure there is enough room for installation and maintenance.

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Outdoor Unit Mounting Dimensions

The mounting dimensions vary among different outdoor units. The fixing bolt head diameter should be more than 12mm.



Outdoor Unit Dimentsion (mm)			Mounting Dimentsion (mm)		
W	Н	D	A	В	
952	1333	415	634	404	
900	1170	350	590	378	





Fig. 5.5

Outdoor Unit Dimentsion (mm)			Mounting Dimentsion (mm)		
W	Н	D	A	В	
681	434	285	460	292	
700	550	275	450	260	
770	555	300	487	298	
800	554	333	514	340	
807	555	328	514	340	
845	702	363	540	350	
946	810	420	673	403	

NOTE: The minimum distance between the outdoor unit and walls described in the installation guide does not apply to airtight rooms. Be sure to keep the unit unobstructed in at least two of the three directions (M, N, P) (See Fig. 5.6)



Fig. 5.6

Rows of series installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A		
	L≤1/2H	25 cm / 9.8″ or more		
	1/2H < L ≤ H	H 30 cm / 11.8″ or more		
L>H	Can not be installed			





Drain Joint Installation

If the drain joint comes with a rubber seal (see Fig. 5.8 - A), do the following:

- 1. Fit the rubber seal on the end of the drain joint that will connect to the outdoor unit.
- 2. Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base pan of the unit.
- 3. Rotate the drain joint 90° until it clicks in place facing the front of the unit.
- 4. Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint to redirect water from the unit during heating mode.

If the drain joint doesn't come with a rubber seal (see Fig. 5.8 - B), do the following:

- 1. Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base pan of the unit. The drain joint will click in place.
- 2. Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint to redirect water from the unit during heating mode.

NOTE: Make sure the water drains to a safe location where it will not cause water damage or a slipping hazard.





Notes On Drilling Hole In Wall

You must drill a hole in the wall for the refrigerant piping, and the signal cable that will connect the indoor and outdoor units.

- 1. Determine the location of the wall hole based on the location of the outdoor unit.
- 2. Using a 65-mm (2.5") core drill, drill a hole in the wall.

NOTE: When drilling the wall hole, make sure to avoid wires, plumbing, and other sensitive components.

3. Place the protective wall cuff in the hole. This protects the edges of the hole and will help seal it when you finish the installation process.

Drainpipe Installation

6

The drainpipe is used to drain water from the unit. Improper installation may cause unit and property damage.

- Insulate all piping to prevent condensation, which could lead to water damage.
- If the drainpipe is bent or installed incorrectly, water may leak and cause a malfunction of the water- level switch.
- In HEAT mode, the outdoor unit will discharge water. Ensure that the drain hose is placed in an appropriate area to avoid water damage and slippage due to frozen drain water.
- <u>DO NOT</u>pull the drainpipe forcefully as this could cause it to disconnect.

NOTE ON PURCHASING PIPES

This installation requires a polyethylene tube (outside diameter = 3.7-3.9cm, inside diameter = 3.2cm), which can be obtained at your local hardware store or from your dealer.

Indoor Drainpipe Installation



Fig. 6.1

- 1. Make sure the drain pipe is connected to the outdoor side downward.
- 2. The hard polyvinyl chloride(PVC)plastic pipe (external diameter 26 mm) sold in the market is suitable for the attached soft drain pipe.
- 3. Please connect the Soft Drain Pipe with the Drain Pipe, then fix it with band; if you have to connect the Drain Pipe indoors, to avoid condensing caused by air intake, you must cover the pipe with heat-insulation material (polyethylene with Specific Gravity of 0.03, at least 9 mm in thickness), and use Glue Band to fix it.

- 4. After the Drain Pipe has been connected, please check if the water drains out of the pipe efficiently and has no leakage.
- 5. Refrigerant Pipe and Drain Pipe should be heat-insulated to avoid condensing and water-dropping later on.
- 6. Using a 65-mm (2.5") core drill, drill a hole in the wall. Make sure that the hole is drilled at a slight downward angle, so that the outdoor end of the hole is lower than the indoor end by about 1cm (0.4"). This will ensure proper water drainage (See Fig. 6.2). Place the protective wall cuff in the hole. This protects the edges of the hole and will help seal it when you finish the installation process.



Fig. 6.2

NOTE: When drilling the wall hole, make sure to avoid wires, plumbing, and other sensitive components.

7. Pass the drain hose through the wall hole. Make sure the water drains to a safe location where it will not cause water damage or a slipping hazard.

NOTE: The drainpipe outlet should be at least 5cm (1.9") above the ground. If it touches the ground, the unit may become blocked and malfunction. If you discharge the water directly into a sewer, make sure that the drain has a U or S pipe to catch odors that might otherwise come back into the house.

Refrigerant Piping Connection

Safety Precautions

- All field piping must be completed by a licensed technician and must comply with the local and national regulations.
- When the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration in the room from exceeding the safety limit in the event of refrigerant leakage. If the refrigerant leaks and its concentration exceeds its proper limit, hazards due to lack of oxygen may result.
- When installing the refrigeration system, ensure that air, dust, moisture or foreign substances do not enter the refrigerant circuit. Contamination in the system may cause poor operating capacity, high pressure in the refrigeration cycle, explosion or injury.
- Ventilate the area immediately if there is refrigerant leakage during the installation. Leaked refrigerant gas is both toxic and flammable. Ensure there is no refrigerant leakage after completing the installation work.

Refrigerant Piping Connection Instructions

- The branching pipe must be installed horizontally. An angle of more than 10° may cause malfunction.
- <u>DO NO</u>T install the connecting pipe until both indoor and outdoor units have been installed.
- Insulate both the gas and liquid piping to prevent water leakage.

Step1: Cut pipes

When preparing refrigerant pipes, take extra care to cut and flare them properly. This will ensure efficient operation and minimize the need for future maintenance.

- 1. Measure the distance between the indoor and outdoor units.
- 2. Using a pipe cutter, cut the pipe a little longer than the measured distance.

DO NOT deform pipe while cutting. Be extra careful not to damage, dent, or deform the pipe while cutting. This will drastically reduce the heating efficiency of the unit.

1. Make sure that the pipe is cut at a perfect 90° angle. Refer to Fig. 7.1 for examples of bad cuts





Burrs can affect the air-tight seal of refrigerant piping connection. They must be completely removed.

- 1. Hold the pipe at a downward angle to prevent burrs from falling into the pipe.
- 2. Using a reamer or deburring tool, remove all burrs from the cut section of the pipe.



Step 3: Flare pipe ends

Proper flaring is essential to achieve an airtight seal.

- 1. After removing burrs from cut pipe, seal the ends with PVC tape to prevent foreign materials from entering the pipe.
- 2. Sheath the pipe with insulating material.
- Place flare nuts on both ends of pipe. Make sure they are facing in the right direction, because you can't put them on or change their direction after flaring. See Fig. 7.3



- rig. 7.5
- 4. Remove PVC tape from ends of pipe when ready to perform flaring work.
- 5. Clamp flare form on the end of the pipe. The end of the pipe must extend beyond the flare form.



- 6. Place flaring tool onto the form.
- 7. Turn the handle of the flaring tool clockwise until the pipe is fully flared. Flare the pipe in accordance with the dimensions shown in table 7.1.

Table 7.1: PIPING EXTENSION BEYOND FLARE FORM

Pipe gauge	Tightening torque	Flare dimension (A) (Unit: mm/Inch)		Flare shape
		Min.	Max.	
Ø 6.4	18-20 N.m (183-204 kgf.cm)	8.4/0.33	8.7/0.34	90°±4
Ø 9.5	25-26 N.m (255-265 kgf.cm)	13.2/0.52	13.5/0.53	
Ø 12.7	35-36 N.m (357-367 kgf.cm)	16.2/0.64	16.5/0.65	R0.4~0.8
Ø 15.9	45-47 N.m (459-480 kgf.cm)	19.2/0.76	19.7/0.78	Fig 7.5
Ø 19.1	65-67 N.m (663-683 kgf.cm)	23.2/0.91	23.7/0.93	119.7.5
Ø 22	75-85N.m (765-867 kgf.cm)	26.4/1.04	26.9/1.06	

8. Remove the flaring tool and flare form, then inspect the end of the pipe for cracks and even flaring.

Step 4: Connect pipes

Connect the copper pipes to the indoor unit first, then connect it to the outdoor unit. You should first connect the low-pressure pipe, then the high-pressure pipe.

- 1. When connecting the flare nuts, apply a thin coat of refrigeration oil to the flared ends of the pipes.
- 2. Align the center of the two pipes that you will connect.



Fig. 7.6

- 3. Tighten the flare nut as tightly as possible by hand.
- 4. Using a spanner, grip the nut on the unit tubing.
- 5. While firmly gripping the nut, use a torque wrench to tighten the flare nut according to the torque values in table 7.1.

NOTE: Use both a spanner and a torque wrench when connecting or disconnecting pipes to/from the unit.





- Ensure to wrap insulation around the piping. Direct contact with the bare piping may result in burns or frostbite.
- Make sure the pipe is properly connected. Over tightening may damage the bell mouth and under tightening may lead to leakage.

NOTES ON MINIMUM BEND RADIUS

Carefully bend the tubing in the middle according to the diagram below. **DO NOT** bend the tubing more than 90° or more than 3 times.

Bend the pipe with thumb



min-radius 10cm (3.9")

Fig. 7.8

6. After connecting the copper pipes to the indoor unit, wrap the power cable, signal cable and the piping together with binding tape.

NOTE: <u>DO NO</u>T intertwine signal cable with other wires. While bundling these items together, do not intertwine or cross the signal cable with any other wiring.

- 7. Thread this pipeline through the wall and connect it to the outdoor unit.
- 8. Insulate all the piping, including the valves of the outdoor unit.
- 9. Open the stop valves of the outdoor unit to start the flow of the refrigerant between the indoor and outdoor unit.

Check to make sure there is no refrigerant leak after completing the installation work. If there is a refrigerant leak, ventilate the area immediately and evacuate the system (refer to the Air Evacuation section of this manual).

Wiring

- Be sure to disconnect the power supply before working on the unit.
- All electrical wiring must be done according to local and national regulations.
- Electrical wiring must be done by a qualified technician. Improper connections may cause electrical malfunction, injury and fire.
- An independent circuit and single outlet must be used for this unit. <u>DO NOT</u> plug another appliance or charger into the same outlet. If the electrical circuit capacity is not enough or there is a defect in the electrical work, it can lead to shock, fire, unit and property damage
- unit and property damage.
 Connect the power cable to the terminals and fasten it with a clamp. An insecure connection may cause fire.
- Make sure that all wiring is done correctly and the control board cover is properly installed. Failure to do so can cause overheating at the connection points, fire, and electrical shock.
- Ensure that main supply connection is made through a switch that disconnects all poles, with contact gap of a least 3mm (0.118").
- <u>DO NOT</u> modify the length of the power cord or use an extension cord.

- Connect the outdoor wires before connecting the indoor wires.
- Make sure you ground the unit. The grounding wire should be away from gas pipes, water pipes, lightning rods, telephone or other grounding wires. Improper grounding may cause electrical shock.
- <u>DO NO</u>T connect the unit with the power source until all wiring and piping is completed.
- Make sure that you do not cross your electrical wiring with your signal wiring, as this can cause distortion and interference.

Follow these instructions to prevent distortion when the compressor starts:

- The unit must be connected to the main outlet. Normally, the power supply must have a low output impedance of 32 ohms.
- No other equipment should be connected to the same power circuit.
- The unit's power information can be found on the rating sticker on the product.

TAKE NOTE OF FUSE SPECIFICATIONS

The air conditioner's circuit board(PCB) is designed with a fuse to provide overcurrent protection. The specifications of the fuse are printed on the circuit board, such as: T3.15A/250VAC, T5A/250VAC, etc.

Outdoor Unit Wiring

Before performing any electrical or wiring work, turn off the main power to the system.

- 1. Prepare the cable for connection
 - a. You must first choose the right cable size before preparing it for connection. Be sure to use H07RN-F cables.

Table 8.1: Minimum Cross-Sectional Area of Power and Signal Cables in North America

Rated Current of Appliance (A)	AWG
≤7	18
7 - 13	16
13 - 18	14
18 - 25	12
25 - 30	10

Table 8.2: Other World Regions

Rated Current of Appliance (A)	Nominal Cross-Sectional Area (mm²)
≤ 6	0.75
6 - 10	1
10 - 16	1.5
16 - 25	2.5
25-32	4
32 - 45	б

- b. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacket from both ends of the signal cable to reveal approximately 15cm (5.9") of wire.
- c. Strip the insulation from the ends.
- d. Using a wire crimper, crimp u-lugs on the ends.

NOTE: When connecting the wires, strictly follow the wiring diagram found inside the electrical box cover.

2. Remove the electric cover of the outdoor unit. (See Fig. 8.1)







- 3. Connect the u-lugs to the terminals Match the wire colors/labels with the labels on the terminal block, Firmly screw the u-lug of each wire to its corresponding terminal.
- 4. Clamp down the cable with the cable clamp.
- 5. Insulate unused wires with electrical tape. Keep them away from any electrical or metal parts.
- 6. Reinstall the cover of the electric control box.

Indoor Unit Wiring

- 1. Prepare the cable for connection
 - a. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacket from both ends of the signal cable to reveal about 15cm (5.9") of the wire.
 - b. Strip the insulation from the ends of the wires.
 - c. Using a wire crimper, crimp the u-lugs to the ends of the wires.
- 2. Undo the screw on the cover of the electric control box and remove the cover.
- Connect the u-lugs to the terminals. Match the wire colors/labels with the labels on the terminal block, Firmly screw the u-lug of each wire to its corresponding terminal. Refer to the Serial Number and Wiring Diagram located on the cover of the electric control box.

- While connecting the wires, please strictly follow the wiring diagram.
- The refrigerant circuit can become very hot. Keep the interconnection cable away from the copper tube.
- 4. Clamp down the cable with the cable clamp. The cable must not be loose or pull on the u-lugs.
- 5. Reattach the electric box cover.

Air Evacuation

Safety Precautions

- Use a vacuum pump with a gauge reading lower than -0.1MPa and an air discharge capacity above 40L/min.
- The outdoor unit does not need vacuuming.
 <u>DO NO</u>Topen the outdoor unit's gas and liquid stop valves.
- Ensure that the Compound Meter reads -0.1MPa or below after 2 hours. If after three hours of operation and the gauge reading is still above -0.1MPa, check if there is a gas leak or water inside the pipe. If there is no leakage, perform another evacuation for 1 or 2 hours.
- <u>DO NOT</u> use refrigerant gas to evacuate the system.

Evacuation Instructions

Before using manifold gauge and vacuum pump, read their operation manuals to familiarize yourself with how to use them properly.



Fig. 9.1

- 1. Connect the charge hose of the manifold gauge to service port on the outdoor unit's low pressure valve.
- 2. Connect another charge hose from the manifold gauge to the vacuum pump.
- 3. Open the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge.Keep the High Pressure side closed.

- 4. Turn on the vacuum pump to evacuate the system.
- 5. Run the vacuum for at least 15 minutes, or until the Compound Meter reads -76cmHG (-1x105Pa).
- 6. Close the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge, and turn off the vacuum pump.
- 7. Wait for 5 minutes, then check that there has been no change in system pressure.

NOTE: If there is no change in system pressure, unscrew the cap from the packed valve (high pressure valve). If there is a change in system pressure, there may be a gas leak.

8. Insert hexagonal wrench into the packed valve (high pressure valve) and open the valve by turning the wrench in a 1/4 counterclockwise turn. Listen for gas to exit the system, then close the valve after 5 seconds.





- Watch the Pressure Gauge for one minute to make sure that there is no change in pressure. The Pressure Gauge should read slightly higher than atmospheric pressure.
- 10. Remove the charge hose from the service port.
- 11. Using hexagonal wrench, fully open both the high pressure and low pressure valves.

OPEN VALVE STEMS GENTLY

When opening valve stems, turn the hexagonal wrench until it hits against the stopper. **DO NOT** try to force the valve to open further.

12.Tighten valve caps by hand, then tighten it using the proper tool.

- Refrigerant charging must be performed after wiring, vacuuming and the leak test.
- <u>DO NOT</u> exceed the maximum allowable quantity of refrigerant or overcharge the system. Doing so can damage or impact the unit's function.
- Charging with unsuitable substances may cause explosions or accidents. Ensure that the appropriate refrigerant is used.
- Refrigerant containers must be opened slowly. Always use protective gear when charging the system.
- **DO NOT** mix refrigerants types.

Some systems require additional charging depending on pipe lengths. The standard pipe length varies according to local regulations. For example, in North America, the standard pipe length is 7.5m (25') In other areas, the standard pipe length is 5m (16'). The additional refrigerant to be charged can be calculated using the following formula:

	ф6.35(1/4″)	φ9.52(3/8″)	φ12.7(1/2″)
R22 (orifice tube in the indoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 30g (0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 65g(0.69oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length)x 115g(1.23oZ)/m(ft)
R22 (orifice tube in the outdoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x15g(0.16oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x30(0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x60g(0.64oZ)/m(ft)
R410A: (orifice tube in the indoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x30g(0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x65g(0.69oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x115g(1.23oZ)/m(ft)
R410A: (orifice tube in the outdoor unit):	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x15g(0.16oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x30g(0.32oZ)/m(ft)	(Total pipe length - standard pipe length) x65g(0.69oZ)/m(ft)

Liquid Side Diameter

Test Run

Before Test Run

A test run must be performed after the entire system has been completely installed. Confirm the following points before performing the test:

- a) The indoor and outdoor units are properly installed.
- b) Piping and wiring are properly connected.
- c) Ensure that there are no obstacles near the inlet and outlet of the unit that might cause poor performance or product malfunction.
- d) The refrigeration system does not leak.
- e) The drainage system is unimpeded and draining to a safe location.
- f) The heating insulation is properly installed.
- g) The grounding wires are properly connected.
- h) The length of the piping and the added refrigerant stow capacity have been recorded.
- i) The power voltage is the correct voltage for the air conditioner.

Failure to perform the test run may result in unit damage, property damage or personal injury.

Test Run Instructions

- 1. Open both the liquid and gas stop valves.
- 2. Turn on the main power switch and allow the unit to warm up.
- 3. Set the air conditioner to COOL mode.
- 4. For the Indoor Unit
 - a. Ensure the remote control and its buttons work properly.
 - b. Ensure the louvers move properly and can be changed using the remote control.
 - c. Double check to see if the room temperature is being registered correctly.
 - d. Ensure the indicators on the remote control and the display panel on the indoor unit work properly.
 - e. Ensure the manual buttons on the indoor unit works properly.

- f. Check to see that the drainage system is unimpeded and draining smoothly.
- g. Ensure there is no vibration or abnormal noise during operation.
- 5. For the Outdoor Unit
 - a. Check to see if the refrigeration system is leaking.
 - b. Make sure there is no vibration or abnormal noise during operation.
 - c. Ensure the wind, noise, and water generated by the unit do not disturb your neighbors or pose a safety hazard.
- 6. Drainage Test
 - a. Ensure the drainpipe flows smoothly. New buildings should perform this test before finishing the ceiling.
 - b. Remove the test cover. Add 2,000ml of water to the tank through the attached tube.
 - c. Turn on the main power switch and run the air conditioner in COOL mode.
 - d. Listen to the sound of the drain pump to see if it makes any unusual noises.
 - e. Check to see that the water is discharged. It may take up to one minute before the unit begins to drain depending on the drainpipe.
 - f. Make sure that there are no leaks in any of the piping.
 - g. Stop the air conditioner. Turn off the main power switch and reinstall the test cover.

NOTE: If the unit malfunctions or does not operate according to your expectations, please refer to the Troubleshooting section of the Owner's Manual before calling customer service.

European Disposal Guidelines

Users in European Countries may be required to properly dispose of this unit. This appliance contains refrigerant and other potentially hazardous materials. When disposing of this appliance, the law requires special collection and treatment. <u>DO NOT</u> dispose of this product as household waste or unsorted municipal waste.

When disposing of this appliance, you have the following options:

- Dispose of the appliance at designated municipal electronic waste collection facility.
- When buying a new appliance, the retailer will take back the old appliance free of charge.
- The manufacturer will also take back the old appliance free of charge.
- Sell the appliance to certified scrap metal dealers.

NOTE: Disposing of this appliance in the forest or other natural surroundings endangers your health and is bad for the environment. Hazardous substances may leak into the ground water and enter the food chain.





The design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice for product improvement. Consult with the sales agency or manufacturer for details. Any updates to the manual will be uploaded to the service website, please check for the latest version.